

2017 UK Parkinson's Audit Patient management: Elderly Care & Neurology Standards and guidance

2017 UK Parkinson's Audit Patient management: Elderly Care and Neurology

Audit of national standards relating to Parkinson's care, incorporating the Parkinson's NICE guideline¹ and the National Service Framework for Long Term Neurological Conditions² quality standards.

Aim

The objective of the Parkinson's patient management audit is to ascertain if the assessment and management of patients with an established diagnosis of Parkinson's complies with national guidelines including the Parkinson's NICE guideline and the National Service Framework for Long Term Neurological Conditions (NSF LTNC).

Objectives

- 1. To encourage clinicians to audit compliance of their local Parkinson's service against Parkinson's guidelines, by providing a simple peer reviewed audit tool with the facility for central data analysis to allow benchmarking with other services.
- 2. To identify areas of good practice and areas for improvement to inform local, regional and UK-wide discussions leading to action plans to improve quality of care.
- **3.** To establish baseline audit data to allow:
 - UK-wide mapping of variations in quality of care
 - local and UK-wide mapping of progress in service provision and patient care through participation in future audit cycles

The audit focuses on care provided by consultants who specialise in movement disorders in neurology and in elderly care, and Parkinson's nurse specialists. It includes patients at all phases of Parkinson's: early treatment, maintenance, complex care and palliative care.

It incorporates monitoring the physical status and current needs for support and, as appropriate, making referrals and providing treatment, education and support, and coordination of services among care providers and the patient and carer. The audit excludes people newly referred to the service for purposes of diagnosis.

¹ National Institute of Health and Clinical Excellence. *Parkinson's Disease: Diagnosis and Management in Primary and Secondary Care Clinical Guidelines 35.* (2006) Available at https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/CG35

² Department of Health. *National Service Framework for Long Term Neurological Conditions*. (2005) Available at www.gov.uk/government/publications/quality-standards-for-supporting-people-with-long-term-conditions

Background

A multi-professional steering group³ was established in 2007 under the chairmanship of Steve Ford, Chief Executive of Parkinson's UK, to develop national Parkinson's audit tools with the facility for central benchmarking. Standards are derived from the NICE guideline but incorporate other national guidance relevant to Parkinson's care, in particular the National Service Framework for Long Term Neurological Conditions (NSF LTNC) and the SIGN guidelines⁴.

The audit is led by a steering group of professionals. This is the sixth round of the audit and includes parallel audits of the services provided to people with Parkinson's by occupational therapists, physiotherapists and speech and language therapists. The audit questions for this round have been refined to reflect feedback from the 2015 audit.

Methodology

The patient management audit is designed to examine how a patient has been managed and assessed over the previous year, rather than on a single visit, as this is more representative of actual patient care. For most patients, this will capture two to three assessments over a year if the service complies with the NICE guideline requirement for at least six to 12 monthly review.

A process flow chart (*How do I take part?*) can be found on page X of this document. Please note the importance of logging your participation in this national clinical audit with your Audit Department.

Definition of a service

There is considerable variation in how Parkinson's services are organised and delivered throughout the UK. There is, in addition, an ongoing reconfiguration of services and how they are commissioned.

A service is roughly defined as that provided by consultants with (or without) a Parkinson's nurse to a geographical area, regardless of who commissions the constituent parts. Clinicians are best placed to decide what constitutes a discrete service. To facilitate benchmarking, each patient management submission includes a brief service audit to clarify:

³ College of Occupational Therapists Specialist Section for Neurological Practice, Royal College of Speech and Language Therapists, Chartered Society of Physiotherapy, Parkinson's Disease Nurse Specialist Association, British Geriatric Society Movement Disorder Section, The British and Irish Neurologists Movement Disorder Section.

⁴ Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network. *Diagnosis and Pharmacological Management of Parkinson's Disease: A National Clinical Guideline 113* (2010) Available at www.sign.ac.uk/guidelines/fulltext/113/index.html

- how their service is delivered (purely medical or medical together with Parkinson's nurse)
- the geographical/commissioning areas covered
- the specialty ie neurology or elderly care

The service as described is allocated an audit service number. If the consultant and Parkinson's nurse input into the service is provided from different organisations they will both be linked to that service number and appear in the report as a joint audit service.

The following will allow meaningful benchmarking:

- 1. Neurology and elderly care will be analysed as separate services. They should conduct separate audits and submit data on separate spreadsheets, even if patients share the same Parkinson's nurse input and cover the same geographical area.
- 2. Discrete services should be logged as separate audit sites and separate data submitted.
- 3. Parkinson's nurses should conduct the audit in collaboration with their patients' consultant service(s) and vice versa.
- 4. The audit can be completed purely from the medical input received <u>only</u> in services without Parkinson's nurse cover.
- 5. Clinicians working across more than one discrete service eg a consultant working with different Parkinson's nurses in different commissioning/geographical areas should return separate audits for each service.

Patient sample

The minimum audit sample size is 20 consecutive people with idiopathic Parkinson's seen during the audit data collection period, which runs from 1 May 2017 to 30 September 2017.

Take account of the need to capture this minimum sample when deciding locally on your start date for collecting a consecutive patient sample. The data collection tool will have the capacity to capture as many consecutive patients as clinicians wish to audit.

A sample of 20 patients per audit has been chosen to minimise work for clinicians providing input into more than one discrete service eg a Parkinson's nurse auditing both neurology and elderly care patients, or a consultant who may work with different nurses in different commissioning areas.

Patients should only be included if the service is responsible for the person's ongoing management - ie not if seen as tertiary referral for advice.

Data collection and entry

The audit tool contains three sections:

- A **service audit** section, which consists of some general questions about your service (which needs to be completed only once).
- A patient audit section, which allows you to enter data on individual patients.
- An **instant reporting** section, which will build automatically as you enter your data, and produces pie charts for selected questions.

Patient data can be entered on the data collection tool which you have downloaded and saved locally and added to at your convenience. Complete a separate entry for each patient with Parkinson's. Remember to save the data each time you add new information.

Appendix A of this document is a version of the patient questions that you can print and use to record data in your clinics, if this would be useful.

A user guide for the data collection tool will be available, providing full instructions and information.

All data must be submitted by 30 October 2017. No submissions will be accepted after that date.

'No, but...' answers

This concept has been "borrowed" from the National Stroke Audit. A 'No, but...' answer implies there is a pre-determined accepted reason for non-compliance with the standard. The denominator for compliance can then be determined only for those patients where the standard was relevant - ie 'No, but...' answers can be removed from calculations of compliance.

Confidentiality

Patients

Please ensure that any information submitted does not include any personally identifiable information about your patients. Identifiable information is any information you hold about a service user that could identify them. This includes personal details such as names, addresses, pictures, videos or anything else which might identify the service user. Anonymised information is information about a service user that has had all identifiable information removed from it.⁵

When you complete the patient section of the audit, you will see that there is space for a patient identifier. It is suggested that you use code letters or a number here to help you keep track (for example the patient's initials or hospital number). **This data will not be**

included in the data you submit to Parkinson's UK – the data entry tool will prevent this. It will help if you keep a list of the code words or numbers securely yourself, so that if there is any query about the information you have submitted, you can track back to the original patient.

Employers

The Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership (HQIP) recommends that services participating in a national clinical audit should be named in the audit reports. The audit reference report will list all participating organisations. It is therefore vital that you inform your clinical audit department about your participation in the audit.

Participants

Individual health professionals who participate and submit data will not be named in the audit report.

Data security

The data collection tool, which will be available for download from the audit webpage, will be password protected, allowing no one but eligible participants to enter and make changes to the data. The password will be emailed to the named lead for each service. Please make sure that the password is well protected and can't be accessed by other people. To ensure the security of your dataset, we also advise you to save and use your version of the tool on a secure computer at work and not on your personal computer at home. We ask you to comply with your organisation's Data Protection guidelines at all times.

After the data has been sent to Parkinson's UK it will be stored in password-protected files at Parkinson's UK in accordance with NHS requirements. Within Parkinson's UK, access to the raw data set is restricted to Kim Davis, Clinical Audit Manager, members of the Clinical Steering Group and Alison Smith, the Data and Analytics Adviser.

Raw data will not be accessible in the public domain. Services will be asked to report any discrepancies in the data received by the audit team in a summary sheet before data analysis begins.

⁵ Health Professionals Council. *Confidentiality – guidance for registrants*. (2012) Available at http://www.hpc-uk.org/assets/documents/100023F1GuidanceonconfidentialityFINAL.pdf [accessed 6 January 2017]

Patient Reported Experience Measure

All services participating in the audit are encouraged to participate in the Patient Reported Experience Measure (PREM). The PREM takes the form of a short paper questionnaire to be distributed to up to 50 consecutive patients between 1 May and 30 September 2017. These patients do not necessarily have to be those included in the main clinical audit.

The questionnaire asks 11 questions about patients' views of their Parkinson's service, and should take only five to 10 minutes to complete. If a carer has accompanied the patient on their clinic visit, they may assist the patient in completion of the form. Patients should feel comfortable and not overlooked while completing their questionnaire.

No identifiable information is collected, and the patient will seal their completed questionnaire in the envelope provided. These envelopes will then need to be collected before the patient leaves the clinic, and all the envelopes will then be returned to the audit team at Parkinson's UK in the large postage-paid envelope provided.

Each service will be provided with the following resources:

- 50 x copies of a paper questionnaire.
- 50 x sealable envelopes.
- 50 x patient information leaflets.
- An A3 laminated poster.
- A large postage-paid envelope for return of sealed envelopes to the audit team.

A minimum of 10 questionnaires will need to be returned for a service's PREM data to be included in the data analysis.

How the audit results will be communicated

The findings of both the clinical audit and the PREM will be presented in the form of a UK-wide summary report and an individual report for each service, benchmarking the results of individual services against the national average for each audit question in their specialty.

The summary report will contain detailed analysis and comments on the data along with key recommendations for commissioners and clinicians. A bespoke patient and carer version of the summary report will also be produced, along with a reference report which will include all of the results, and a list of all participating services.

A link to the reports will be sent to all audit participants, trust audit contacts and strategic health authority/health board audit contacts. The reports will also be in the public domain via the Parkinson's UK website.

Data collected during the audit will be used to generate a national picture of service delivery and to compare this with the expectations detailed in national guidance. This data will provide valuable information about priority areas within the existing healthcare provision and will support the development of commissioning. Information generated through this collaboration will be used in campaigning on behalf of people with Parkinson's.

The UK Parkinson's Excellence Network brings together health and social care professionals to transform the care that people with Parkinson's receive across the UK. The Network is there to ensure:

- that everyone affected by Parkinson's has access to high quality Parkinson's services that meet their needs. Their care should be delivered by an expert, integrated, multi-disciplinary team including a consultant, specialist nurse and range of therapists, whose involvement is key to maximising function and maintaining independence
- there are clear pathways to timely, appropriate information, treatments and services from the point of diagnosis, including access to specialist mental health services and the full range of information and support to take control of the condition offered by Parkinson's UK
- services will be involved in continuous quality improvement through audit and engagement of service users in improvement plans

Participating in the PREM will give individual elderly care and neurology services direct feedback from their service users about the quality of care, accessibility and general satisfaction.

Thank you for your participation in the 2017 National Parkinson's Audit

Parkinson's UK 215 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London SW1V 1EJ T 020 7931 8080 F 020 7233 9908 E enquiries@parkinsons.org.uk W parkinsons.org.uk

Parkinson's UK is the operating name of the Parkinson's Disease Society of the United Kingdom. A company limited by guarantee. Registered in England and Wales (948776). Registered office: 215 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London SW1V 1EJ. A charity registered in England and Wales (258197) and in Scotland (SC037554)

How do I take part

Am I eligible to take part?

Any healthcare professionals who work regularly with people with Parkinson's can take part. This includes speech and language therapists, physiotherapists, occupational therapists, Parkinson's nurses, neurologists and geriatricians. You need to submit data on a minimum of 20 (patient management) or 10 (therapies) patients seen during the audit period (1 May to 30 September 2017) for your data to be included in the audit.

How do I take part if I am eligible?

Register your service

Complete and submit a registration form at **parkinsons.org.uk/audit** by 31 March 2017 for each service you wish to audit. You will then be emailed a service number and a password for the data collection tool – you will need these to enter your audit data. In mid-April you will be sent an Audit Pack containing Patient and Carer Information Leaflets and the materials required for the Patient Reported Experience Measure (PREM).

Inform your audit department

Please log your participation in this clinical audit with your audit department and discuss with Information Governance to determine if Caldicott approval is required.

Establish a local audit project group

Include key professional and medical staff collecting data – discuss the logistics for running the audit, and plan for disseminating the results and action planning. Agree a start date for acquiring patient sample. Agree a target sample size.

Data collection

You will be able to download a copy of the data collection tool from parkinsons.org.uk/audit from mid-April 2017, along with a data collection tool. Data entry begins on 1 May 2017.

1. Enter brief details about your service (the Service Audit).

2. Enter details of consecutive patients seen during the audit period 1 May 2017 to 30 September 2017 (the Patient Audit).

3. During this period, hand out Patient Reported Experience Measure questionnaires to up to 50 consecutive patients – these do not need to be the same patients you include in the main audit.

More information

If you have any queries, or for more information, please contact Kim Davis, Clinical Audit Manager, on 020 7963 3916 or email **audit@parkinsons.org.uk**

No.	Question	Data items/ Answer options	Help notes
1.	General information		
1.1	Did this service take part in the Parkinson's audit 2015?	YesNo	
1.2	Who commissions this service?	Free text	Please provide the name of the commissioning board/Local Health Board in Wales
1.3	Geographical area covered by this Parkinson's service	Free text	Main towns covered
1.4	What is the most common model of service provision for the medical input to this service?	 Doctor alone Joint/parallel doctor and nurse specialists clinics Integrated clinics (doctor/nurse specialist/therapy in same venue) 	 Joint/parallel - we are asking if the PDNS works in clinics with the Consultant (but AHPs located elsewhere) Integrated clinics – multidisciplinary team working: neurologist or care of the elderly specialist, Parkinson's nurse and therapist, for example, occupational therapist and/or physiotherapist and/or speech and language therapist, seeing patients within the same clinic venue
1.5	Are clinic patients seen within specific Parkinson's/ Movement Disorder clinics?	 All patients Most patients (>75%) Some patients (25-74%) Few patients (<25%) None 	 A specialist service would be expected to have a) an identified lead clinician for training, service development and specialist opinion. AND b) The provision of specific Parkinson's/Movement Disorder

Table 1: Service Audit – Questions, data items/answer options and help notes

			clinics.
1.6	Is written information regarding Parkinson's routinely available when patients attend clinic venues?	 All clinics Most clinics (>75%) Some clinics Not routinely available 	Routinely available means accessible to patients such as on tables or in racks and/or accessible to staff to distribute to patients.
2.	Assessments		
2.1	Is a formal Activities of Daily Living assessment tool or check list used when Parkinson's patients are reviewed in this service?	 All clinics Most clinics (>75%) Some clinics Not routinely available 	The use of a formal Activities of Daily Living (ADL) assessment tool is helpful in identifying practical difficulties in daily life and prompting referral for therapy input.
2.2	Is the Parkinson's non- motor symptoms questionnaire or other form of checklist used to screen for non-motor symptoms when Parkinson's patients are assessed?	 All clinics Most clinics (>75%) Some clinics Not routinely available 	
2.3	Is a standardised assessment tool routinely available in clinic venues to assess and monitor cognitive function?	 All clinics Most clinics (>75%) Some clinics Not routinely available 	The 10 point Abbreviated Mental Test Score is not sufficient to meet this standard.
2.4	Is a standardised assessment tool routinely available in clinic venues to assess mood?	 All clinics Most clinics (>75%) Some clinics Not routinely available 	

Cons	Consultants and Parkinson's nurse specialists			
3.	Consultants			
3.1	Lead consultant name			
3.2	Specialty	 Geriatrician Geriatrician with special interest in Parkinson's Neurologist Neurologist with special interest in Parkinson's 	Tick one	
3.3	Employing Trust/Board/Local Health Board			
3.4	Contact telephone number			
3.5	Contact email			
3.6	How many consultants routinely provide medical input for this service?	 The number of consultants Names of the other consultants 	Routinely means a regular clinic commitment. Include: Any consultant who sees Parkinson's patients for diagnosis and ongoing management. Non specialist consultants should be included if they keep Parkinson's patients under their care.	
3.7	Have all consultants providing medical input to this service attended Movement Disorder specific external CME in the last 12 months?	YesNo	The question refers to external CME i.e. regional, national or international education updates relevant to Parkinson's.	

3.7a	If no, please enter X out of X consultants have attended	Free text	
4.	Parkinson's Nurse Specia	llists	
4.1	Can patients in this service access a Parkinson's Nurse Specialist?	YesNo	
4.2	Parkinson's Nurse Specialist details	 Name Employing Trust/Board/Local Health Board Contact telephone number and email 	
4.3	Have all Parkinson's Nurse Specialists associated with this service attended Parkinson specific external CME in the last 12 months?	 Yes No No Parkinson's Nurse Specialist 	The question refers to external CME i.e. regional, national or international education updates relevant to Parkinson's.
4.3a	If no, please enter X out of X Parkinson's Nurse Specialists have attended	Free text	
4.4	What is the main arrangement for contact between Consultants and Parkinson's Nurse Specialists?	 Regular contact in Multidisciplinary meeting, joint or parallel clinic Regular face to face contact outside clinic Regular telephone/email contact with occasional face to face contact Telephone/email contact only No or rare contact No Parkinson's Nurse Specialist 	Regular is defined as at least twice a month

Table 2: Patient Audit - Questions, data items/answer	options and help notes
---	------------------------

No.	Question	Data items/Answer options	Help notes
1. De	escriptive data		
1.1	Patient identifier	This can be used to identify audited patients	
1.2	Gender	MaleFemale	
1.3	Ethnicity	 White British, Irish Traveller Any other White background) Asian/Asian British Bangladeshi Chinese Indian Pakistani Any other Asian background Black/Black British African Caribbean any other Black background Mixed/multiple ethnic backgrounds mixed - White and Black mixed any other background) Other Arab Other 	

		 prefer not to say 	
1.4	Year of birth		
1.5	Year of Parkinson's diagnosis		
1.6	Parkinson's Phase	 Diagnosis Maintenance Complex Palliative 	Definitions of phases Diagnosis • From first recognition of symptoms/sign/problem • Diagnosis not established or accepted. Maintenance • Established diagnosis of Parkinson's • Reconciled to diagnosis • No drugs or medication 4 or less doses/day • Stable medication for >3/12 • Absence of postural instability. Complex • Drugs – 5 or more doses/day • Any infusion therapy (apomorphine or duodopa) • Dyskinesia • Neuro-surgery considered / DBS in situ • Psychiatric manifestations >mild symptoms of depression/anxiety/hallucinations/psychosis • Autonomic problems – hypotension either drug or non-drug induced • Unstable co-morbidities • Frequent changes to medication (<3/12)

1.7	Living Alone	• Yes • No,	 Inability to tolerate adequate dopaminergic therapy Unsuitable for surgery Advanced co-morbidity (life threatening or disabling).
		 No, at residential home No, at nursing home 	
1.8	Is there evidence of a documented Parkinson's and related medication reconciliation at each patient visit?	 Yes No Patient on no medication 	 Medicine reconciliation standards: <u>http://www.rpharms.com/current-campaigns-pdfs/1303rpstransfer-of-care-10pp-professional-guidancefinal-final.pdf</u> Scotland: Criteria 19.2: "Reconciliation of the Parkinson's medicine and dosages is undertaken at each patient visit to ensure that the patient, GP, consultant, pharmacist and Parkinson's disease nurse specialist and determine accurately the anti-Parkinson's disease drugs the patient is taking." Scotland: Scottish Government guidance on medicines reconciliation – http://www.sehd.scot.nhs.uk/cmo/CMO(2013)18.pdf
2. Sn	ecialist Review		Į
Stan	dard A: 100% of people wit	h Parkinson's must be reviewed at 6-12 mo LTC:QR2; Scotland: Clinical Standard 19.3).	nthly intervals.

2.1	Has the patient been reviewed by a specialist within the last year? (can be doctor or nurse specialist) Time since most recent	 Yes No Less than 6 months 		
2.2	medical review (by doctor or nurse specialist)	 Less trait o months 6-12 months More than 1 year More than 2 years Never 		
3. Ne	w / Recent Parkinson's me	dication		
			n oral and written communication throughout the course of sary.(Parkinson's NICE R3; Scotland - Clinical Standards 1.3 &	
3.1	Is there documented evidence of a conversation with the patient/carer and/or provision of written information regarding potential adverse effects for any new medications?	 Yes No Not applicable – patient not started on Parkinson's medication for the first time during the previous year 	The written information can include a copy of clinic letter if adverse effects are listed, or the Parkinson's UK medication leaflet. The manufacturer's package insert does not meet this standard. <u>Resources</u> : Parkinson's UK medication leaflets https://www.parkinsons.org.uk/content/drug-treatments- parkinsons	
4. Sp	ecific adverse effect monit	oring		
occu Stane	Standard C: 100% of people with Parkinson's who have sudden onset of sleep should be advised not to drive and to consider any occupational hazards (Parkinson's NICE R72) Standard D: 100% of patients on dopaminagic therapies are monitored for impulse control behaviours including dopamine dysregulation syndrome (Parkinson's NICE R54, SIGN 5.1.1)			
sedir	Standard E: If an ergot-derived dopamine agonist is used, 100% of patients should have a minimum of renal function tests, erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)and chest radiograph (CXR) performed before starting treatment, and annually thereafter (Parkinson's NICE R30 and 40, SIGN 5.1.2)			

4.1 Is this patient on Parkinson's medication?	YesNo	[if no, Q4.4 to Q4.6 will be greyed out]
4.2 Evidence of enquiry re excessive daytime sleepiness	YesNo	
4.3 If excessive daytime sleepiness is documented as present and the patient is a driver, was the impact on driving discussed and advice given?	 Not applicable – no excessive daytime 	
4.4 Evidence patients taking dopaminergic drugs are monitored re: compulsive behaviour	 Yes No Not applicable - not on dopaminergic drugs 	 Evidence means documentation that the patient was specifically asked about the presence of compulsive behaviour symptoms during the previous year if on any dopaminergic medication e.g. MAOI, Levodopa, dopamine agonist <u>Resources</u>: Impulse Control Disorders in Parkinson Disease (Weintraub) <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20457959</u>
4.5 Evidence patients taking dopamine agonists are monitored re: compulsive behaviour	 Yes No Not applicable - not on a dopamine agonist 	Evidence means documentation that the patient was specifically asked about the presence of compulsive behaviour symptoms during the previous year
4.6 Evidence of patients taking ergot dopamine agonists having an echocardiogram carried out for fibrosis related adverse effects	 Yes No Not applicable - not on ergot dopamine agonists 	Evidence means documentation that this test has been arranged by the PD Service directly or letter sent asking GP to arrange during the previous year
5. Advance Care Planning		

Standard F: For 100% of people with Parkinson's end of life care requirements should be considered throughout all phases of the disease. (Parkinson's NICE R82)

Standard G: 100% of people with Parkinson's and their carers should be given the opportunity to discuss end-of-life issues with appropriate healthcare professionals. (Parkinson's NICE R 83)

5.1	Is there evidence the patient/carer has been offered information about, or has set up a Lasting Power of Attorney?	YesNo	 <u>https://www.gov.uk/power-of-attorney/make-lasting-power</u> Scotland: <u>http://www.publicguardian-scotland.gov.uk/power-of-attorney</u>
5.2	Are there markers of advanced disease e.g. dementia, increasing frailty, impaired swallowing, nursing home level of care required?	YesNo - skip to Section 6	
5.3	Are there any documented discussions regarding end of life care issues/care plans?	 Yes No 	 <u>Resources</u>: NHS End of Life Care Programme Guide: Capacity, Care Planning and Advance Care Planning in life limiting illness <u>http://www.ncpc.org.uk/sites/default/files/ACP_Booklet_J</u> <u>une_2011.pdf</u> <u>http://www.parkinsons.org.uk/content/preparing-end-life- booklet</u> Scottish Palliative Care Guidelines, including care planning and guidance on capacity:

	 <u>http://www.palliativecareguidelines.scot.nhs.uk</u> Wales: <u>http://gov.wales/topics/health/nhswales/plans/end-of-life-care/?lang=en</u> 		
6. Parkinson's assessment and care planning process scores (comple	ete from medical and Parkinson's nurse notes)		
Domain 1: Non-motor assessment during the previous year (12)			
Domain 2: Motor and ADL assessment during the previous year (12)			
Domain 3: Education and multi-disciplinary involvement during the	previous year (10)		
 Total process score: 34 These assessments underpin achieving compliance with Parkinson's NICE standards contained in Section 4: Communication with people with Parkinson's and their carers Section 9: Non-motor features of Parkinson's nursing, physiotherapy, occupational therapy It is recognized that there may not be time – or a need to cover every aspect at every visit. Base domain answers on whether the problem/issue has been addressed at least once over the previous year (including current visit). "Yes" and "No but" answers will score 1 "No" answers will score 0 			
Domain 1: Non-motor assessments during the previous year (Maximu	m score = 12)		
6.1.1Blood pressure documented lying (or sitting) and standing• Yes • No 			
6.1.2 Evidence of • Yes			

	enquiry/assessment re cognitive status	• No
6.1.3	Evidence of enquiry re hallucinations/psycho sis	 Yes No
6.1.4	Evidence of enquiry re: mood - this should include depression	YesNo
6.1.5	Evidence of enquiry re communication difficulties	YesNo
6.1.6	Evidence of enquiry re problems with swallowing function	YesNo
6.1.7	Evidence of screening for malnutrition (weight checked at least yearly)	YesNo
6.1.8	Evidence of enquiry re problems with saliva	YesNo
6.1.9	Evidence of enquiry re bowel function	YesNo
6.1.10	Evidence of enquiry re bladder function	YesNo
6.1.11	Evidence of enquiry re pain	YesNo
6.1.12	Evidence of enquiry re sleep quality	YesNo

Domair	Domain 2: Motor and ADL assessment during the previous year (12)		
6.2.1	Evidence of enquiry re "On/Off" fluctuations	 Yes No No, but not yet on treatment No, but less than 3 years from starting medication 	
6.2.2	Evidence of enquiry/assessment re problems with gait including freezing	 Yes No No, but doesn't walk 	
6.2.3	Evidence of enquiry re falls and balance	 Yes No No, but assisted for transfers and doesn't walk 	
6.2.4	Evidence fracture risk/osteoporosis considered	 Yes No No, but notes document not falling and no concern re balance 	
6.2.5	Evidence of enquiry re problems with bed mobility (e.g. getting in/out of bed, moving/rolling from side to side once in bed)	 Yes No 	
6.2.6	Evidence of enquiry re problems with transfers (e.g. out of chair/off toilet/car)	 Yes No No, but early/mild disease, active lifestyle 	
6.2.7	Evidence of enquiry/assessment of tremor	 Yes No No, but no tremor 	

6.2.8	Evidence of enguing	Vee	
0.2.0	Evidence of enquiry re problems with	• Yes	
	•	• No	
	dressing	 No, but in care home 	
6.2.9	Evidence of enquiry	Yes	
	re problems with	• No	
	hygiene (e.g.	 No, but in nursing home 	
	washing/bathing/hair/		
	nails)		
6.2.10	Evidence of enquiry	• Yes	
	re difficulty eating and	• No	
	drinking (i.e.	 No, but PEG fed 	
	cutlery/managing drinks etc. not		
	swallowing)		
6.2.11	e/	Yes	
0.2.11	Evidence of enquiry re domestic activities	 No 	
	(cooking/cleaning/sho	 No, but in care home 	
	pping)	• No, but in care nome	
6.2.12	Evidence of enquiry	Yes	
0.2.12	re problems with	• No	
	function at work	 No, but retired or doesn't work 	
Domain		-disciplinary involvement during the previo	here = 10
Domain	5. Education and multi-	-disciplinary involvement during the previo	jus year (10)
6.3.1	Evidence of	Yes	
0.5.1	referral/input from	 No 	
	Parkinson's nurse	 No, but declined 	
6.3.2			The option "No but clear decumentation no therapy need" about
0.3.2	Evidence of	Yes, for therapy/assessment	The option "No but clear documentation no therapy need" should only be used if there is clear documentation of relevant
	physiotherapy referral/assessment/in put	No No	enquiries/assessments re physiotherapy related problems (gait /
		No, but declined	balance/ posture/transfers)
	par.	 No, but clear documentation no therapy need 	
		therapy need	Use "No but no achievable physiotherapy goals" option only
		 No, but no achievable physiotherapy acale 	if no change and extensive prior physiotherapy input
6.0.0	Evidence of	goals	
6.3.3	Evidence of	 Yes, for therapy/assessment 	The option "No but clear documentation no therapy need" can

	occupational therapy referral/assessment/in put	 No No, but, declined No, but clear documentation no therapy need No, but no achievable occupational therapy goals 	only be used if there is clear documentation of assessment/enquiry re problems with activities of daily living and/or difficulties at work if working Use " No but, no achievable occupational therapy goals " option only if no change and extensive prior occupational therapy input
6.3.4	Evidence of speech and language therapy referral/input for communication	 Yes, for therapy/assessment No No, but declined No, but clear documentation no therapy need No, but no achievable SLT goals 	 The option "No but clear documentation no therapy need" can only be used if there is clear documentation of assessment/enquiry re communication Use "No but, no achievable SLT goals" option only if no change, extensive prior SLT input and alternative communication means already explored
6.3.5	Evidence of speech and language therapy referral/input for swallowing	 Yes No No, but declined No, but swallow documented normal No, but PEG fed or adequate care plan in place 	
6.3.6	Evidence of social work referral/input	 Yes No No, but declined No, but documented as self funding and referred to other sources of support and information re care No, but social work input not required, as social care needs are being met. 	Use " No but social work input not required, as social care needs are being met " option only if there is evidence that current care arrangements are working well or that the person is independent in mobility and personal care.
6.3.7	Evidence that patient's and carer's entitlement to financial benefits has been considered and advice given	 Yes No No, but independent in mobility and personal care No, but previously addressed 	Resources: http://www.parkinsons.org.uk/content/financial-help-and-support-carers http://www.parkinsons.org.uk/content/social-fund-and-local-welfare-provision-information-sheet

6.3.8	Evidence that patient and/or carer has been signposted to Parkinson's UK	 Yes No No, but previously signposted
6.3.9	Evidence that patient and/or carer has been signposted to Information Support Worker	 Yes No No, but previously signposted
6.3.10	Evidence of communication with carers about their entitlement to carer assessment and support services	 Yes No No, but in care home No, but patient not in complex or palliative stage No, but, no carer No, but previously addressed, or no new issues

Appendix A: Printable Patient Audit sheet

No.	Question	Data items/Answer options
1. De	scriptive data	
1.1	Patient identifier	
1.2	Gender	MaleFemale
1.3	Ethnicity	 White British, Irish Traveller Any other White background) Asian/Asian British Bangladeshi Chinese Indian Pakistani Any other Asian background Black/Black British African Caribbean any other Black background Mixed/multiple ethnic backgrounds mixed - White and Black mixed any other background) Other Arab Other prefer not to say
1.4	Year of birth	
1.5	Year of Parkinson's diagnosis	
1.6	Parkinson's Phase	 Diagnosis Maintenance Complex Palliative
1.7	Living Alone	 Yes No, No, at residential home No, at nursing home
1.8	Is there evidence of a documented Parkinson's and related medication	YesNo

	reconciliation at each patient visit?	Patient on no medication
2 Sp	ecialist Review	
2.1	Has the patient been reviewed by a specialist within the last year? (can be doctor or nurse specialist)	• Yes • No
2.2	Time since most recent medical review (by doctor or nurse specialist)	 Less than 6 months 6-12 months More than 1 year More than 2 years Never
3. Ne	w / Recent Parkinson's me	dication
3.1	Is there documented evidence of a conversation with the patient/carer and/or provision of written information regarding potential adverse effects for any new medications?	 Yes No Not applicable – patient not started on Parkinson's medication for the first time during the previous year
4. Sp	ecific adverse effect monit	oring
4.1	Is this patient on Parkinson's medication?	YesNo
4.2	Evidence of enquiry re excessive daytime sleepiness	YesNo
4.3	If excessive daytime sleepiness is documented as present and the patient is a driver, was the impact on driving discussed and advice given?	 Yes No Not applicable – no excessive daytime sleepiness and/or not a driver
4.4	Evidence patients taking dopaminergic drugs are monitored re: compulsive behaviour	 Yes No Not applicable - not on dopaminergic drugs
4.5	Evidence patients taking dopamine agonists are monitored re: compulsive behaviour	 Yes No Not applicable - not on a dopamine agonist
4.6	Evidence of patients taking ergot dopamine agonists having an echocardiogram carried out for fibrosis related	 Yes No Not applicable - not on ergot dopamine agonists

	adverse effects	
5. Ad	vanced Care Planning	
5.1	Is there evidence the patient/carer has been offered information about, or has set up a Lasting Power of Attorney?	YesNo
5.2	Are there markers of advanced disease e.g. dementia, increasing frailty, impaired swallowing, nursing home level of care required?	YesNo - skip to Section 6
5.3	Are there any documented discussions regarding end of life care issues/care plans?	YesNo
and I	Parkinson's nurse notes)	care planning process scores (complete from medical ents during the previous year (Maximum score = 12)
1	Blood pressure documented lying (or sitting) and standing	 Yes No No but, doesn't stand
2	Evidence of enquiry/assessment re cognitive status	• Yes • No
3	Evidence of enquiry re hallucinations/psychosis	YesNo
4	Evidence of enquiry re: mood - this should include depression	• Yes • No
5	Evidence of enquiry re communication difficulties	YesNo
6	Evidence of enquiry re problems with swallowing function	YesNo
7	Evidence of screening for malnutrition (weight checked at least yearly)	YesNo
8	Evidence of enquiry re problems with saliva	• Yes

		• No
9	Evidence of enquiry re bowel function	YesNo
10	Evidence of enquiry re bladder function	YesNo
11	Evidence of enquiry re pain	YesNo
12	Evidence of enquiry re sleep quality	YesNo
Doma	ain 2: Motor and ADL asse	essment during the previous year (12)
1	Evidence of enquiry re "On/Off" fluctuations	 Yes No No, but not yet on treatment No, but less than 3 years from starting medication
2	Evidence of enquiry/assessment re problems with gait including freezing	YesNoNo, but doesn't walk
3	Evidence of enquiry re falls and balance	 Yes No No, but assisted for transfers and doesn't walk
4	Evidence fracture risk/osteoporosis considered	 Yes No No, but notes document not falling and no concern re balance
5	Evidence of enquiry re problems with bed mobility (e.g. getting in/out of bed, moving/rolling from side to side once in bed)	YesNo
6	Evidence of enquiry re problems with transfers (e.g. out of chair/off toilet/car)	 Yes No No, but early/mild disease, active lifestyle
7	Evidence of	

	enquiry/assessment of tremor	 Yes No No, but no tremor
8	Evidence of enquiry re problems with dressing	YesNoNo, but in care home
9	Evidence of enquiry re problems with hygiene (e.g. washing/bathing/hair/nail s)	YesNoNo, but in nursing home
10	Evidence of enquiry re difficulty eating and drinking (i.e. cutlery/managing drinks etc. not swallowing)	YesNoNo, but PEG fed
11	Evidence of enquiry re domestic activities (cooking/cleaning/shoppi ng)	YesNoNo, but in care home
12	Evidence of enquiry re problems with function at work	 Yes No No, but retired or doesn't work
Doma	ain 3: Education and multi	-disciplinary involvement during the previous year (10)
1	Evidence of referral/input from Parkinson's nurse	YesNoNo, but declined
2	Evidence of physiotherapy referral/assessment/input	 Yes, for therapy/assessment No No, but declined No, but clear documentation no therapy need No, but no achievable physiotherapy goals
3	Evidence of occupational therapy referral/assessment/input	 Yes, for therapy/assessment No No, but, declined No, but clear documentation no therapy need No, but no achievable occupational therapy goals
4	Evidence of speech and language therapy referral/input for communication	 Yes, for therapy/assessment No No, but declined

		 No, but clear documentation no therapy need No, but no achievable SLT goals
5	Evidence of speech and language therapy referral/input for swallowing	 Yes No No, but declined No, but swallow documented normal No, but PEG fed or adequate care plan in place
6	Evidence of social work referral/input	 Yes No No, but declined No, but documented as self funding and referred to other sources of support and information re care No, but social work input not required, as social care needs are being met.
7	Evidence that patient's and carer's entitlement to financial benefits has been considered and advice given	 Yes No No, but independent in mobility and personal care No, but previously addressed
8	Evidence that patient and/or carer has been signposted to Parkinson's UK	YesNoNo, but previously signposted
9	Evidence that patient and/or carer has been signposted to Information Support Worker	YesNoNo, but previously signposted
10	Evidence of communication with carers about their entitlement to carer assessment and support services	 Yes No No, but in care home No, but patient not in complex or palliative stage No, but, no carer No, but previously addressed, or no new issues